



➤ Variation latitudinale des effets du changement climatique sur la composition des forêts Européennes



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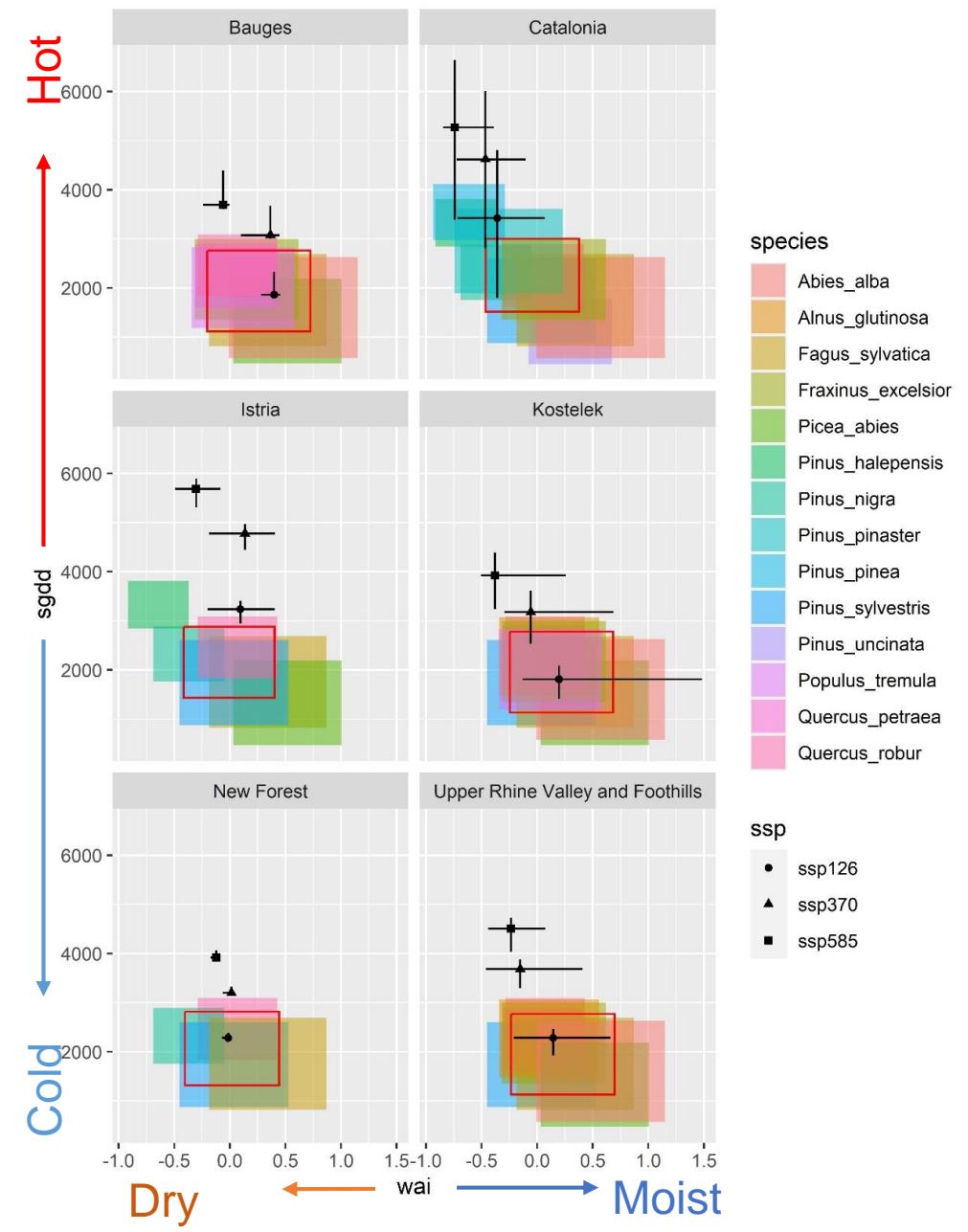
FOREM – Agroparistech Nancy – 03/04/2024



General context

Species composition shift under climate change

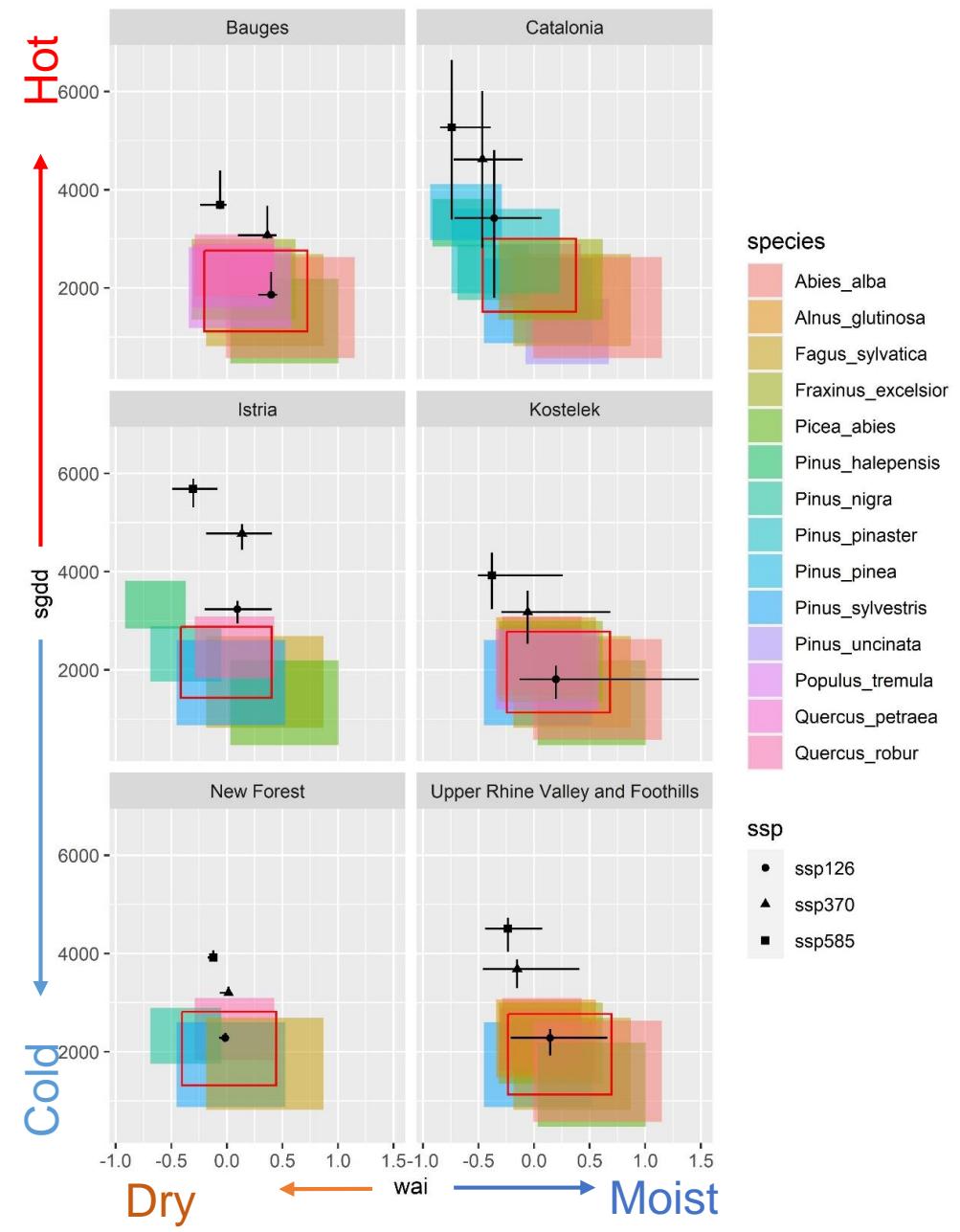
- Climate projections beyond local species margins



General context

Species composition shift under climate change

- Climate projections beyond local species margins
- Across Europe, differences in the magnitude of climate change and in the potential for species composition shift



> General context

Disturbance regimes

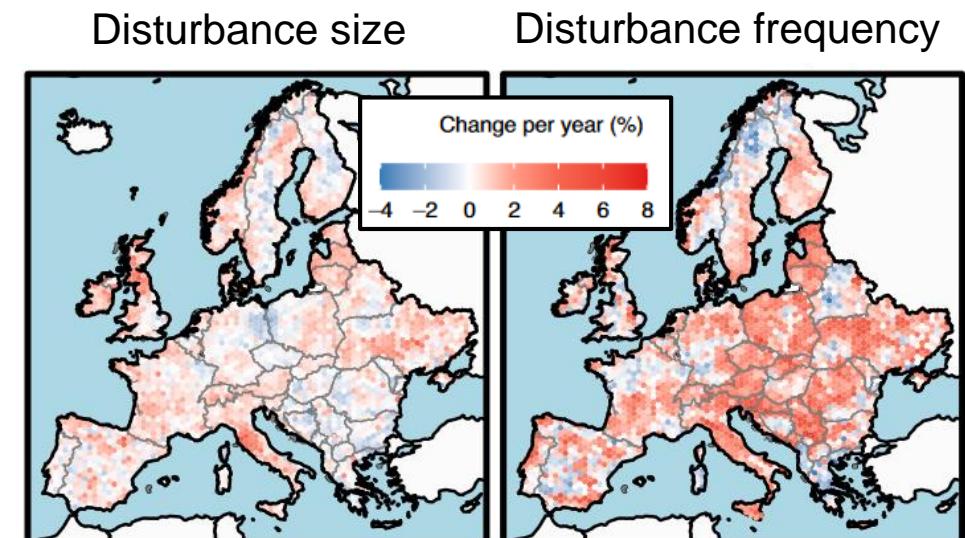
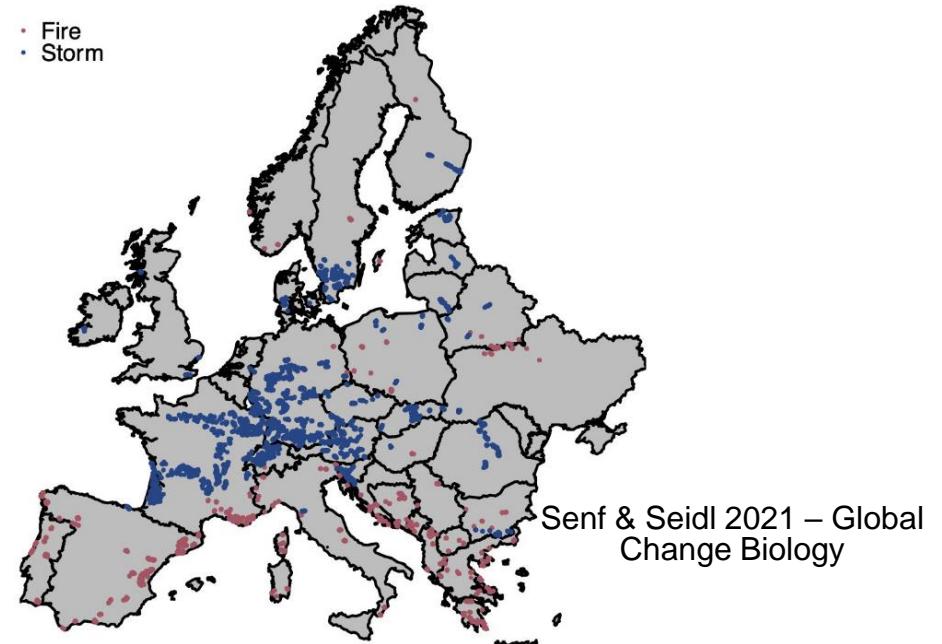
- Additional agent of species composition shift : disturbance regimes



> General context

Disturbance regimes

- Additional agent of species composition shift : disturbance regimes
- Here again, spatial variation in their distribution and expected change

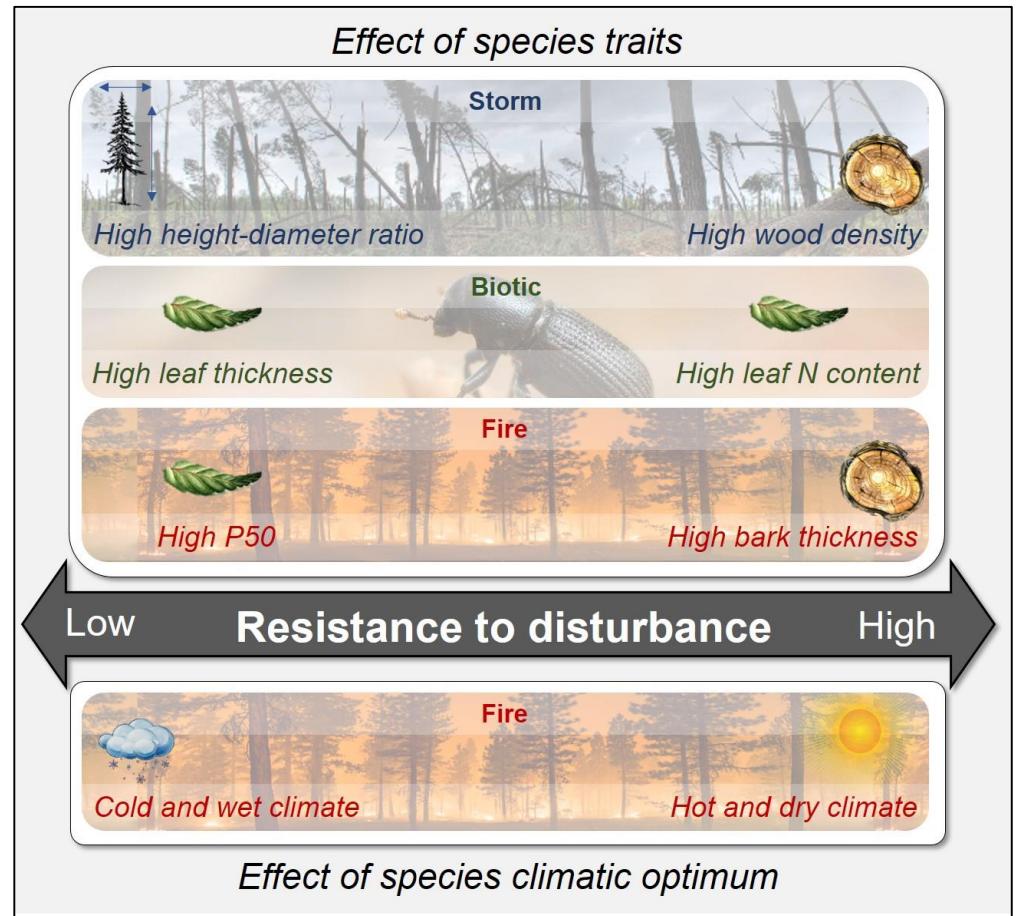


Senf & Seidl 2021 – Nature sustainability

General context

Expected changes in species composition

- Convergence between traits promoting resistance to disturbance and adaptation to warmer conditions

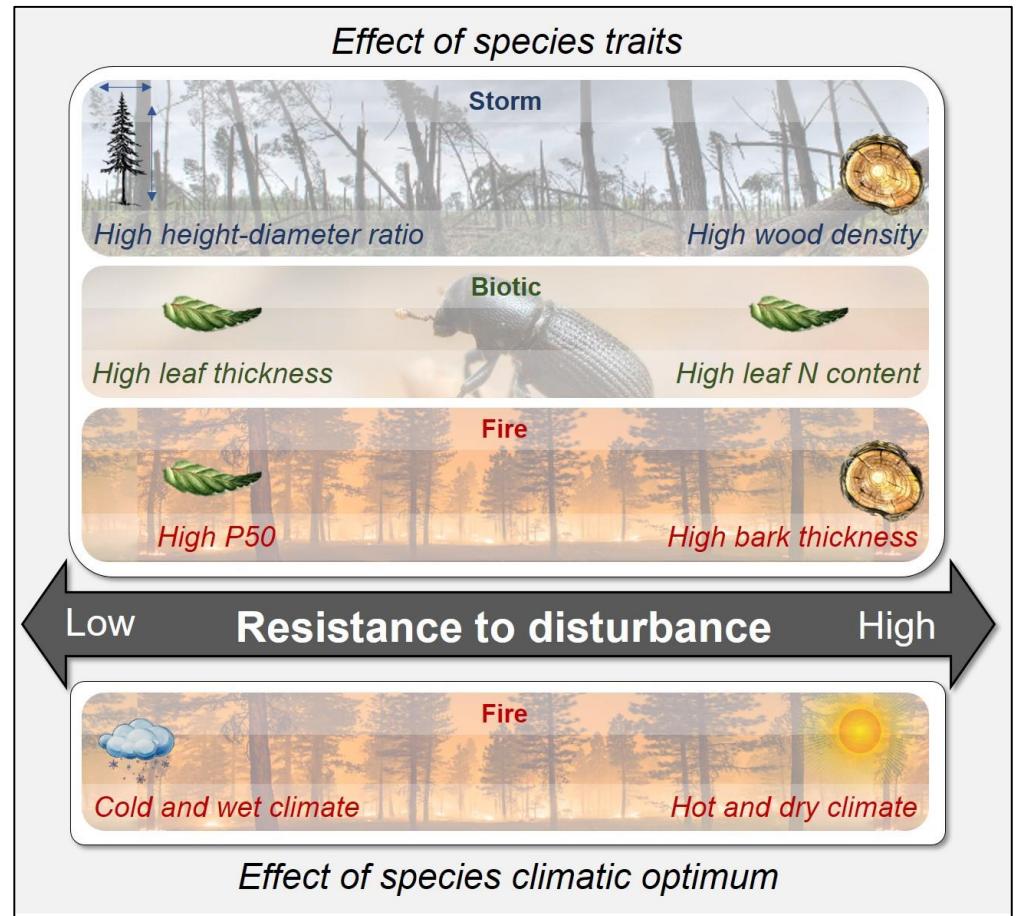


Barrere et al. 2023 – Global Change Biology

General context

Expected changes in species composition

- Convergence between traits promoting resistance to disturbance and adaptation to warmer conditions
- Towards an increased dominance of slow-growing and drought-resistant species ?

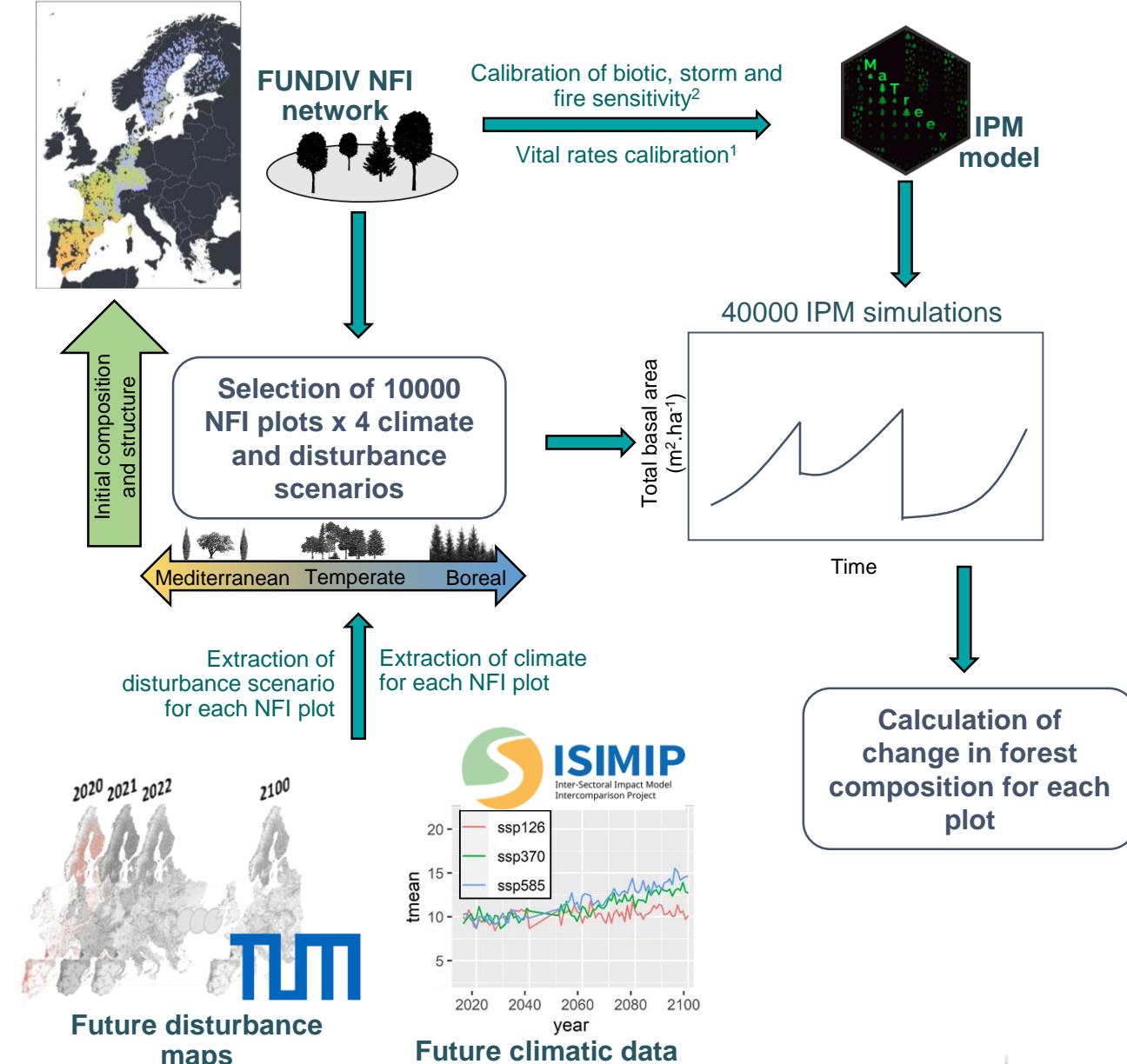


Barrere et al. 2023 – Global Change Biology

- What is the relative effect of climate change and disturbances on species composition shift at European scale ?
- How these effects vary across biogeographic regions of Europe ?

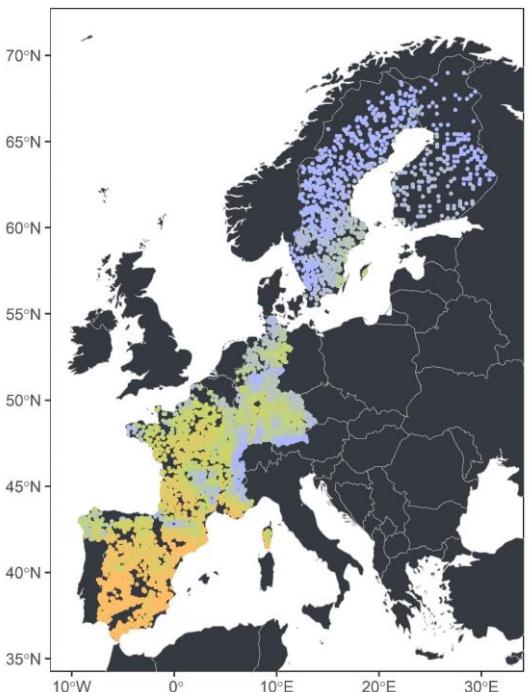
> Methods

Overall picture



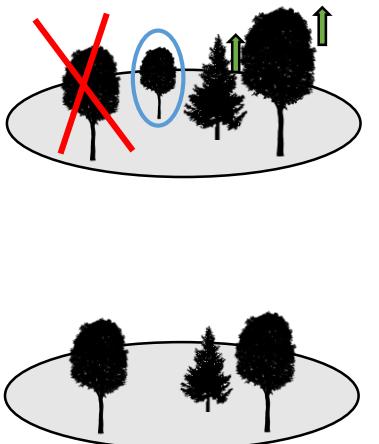
Methods

Calibration of the IPM Model



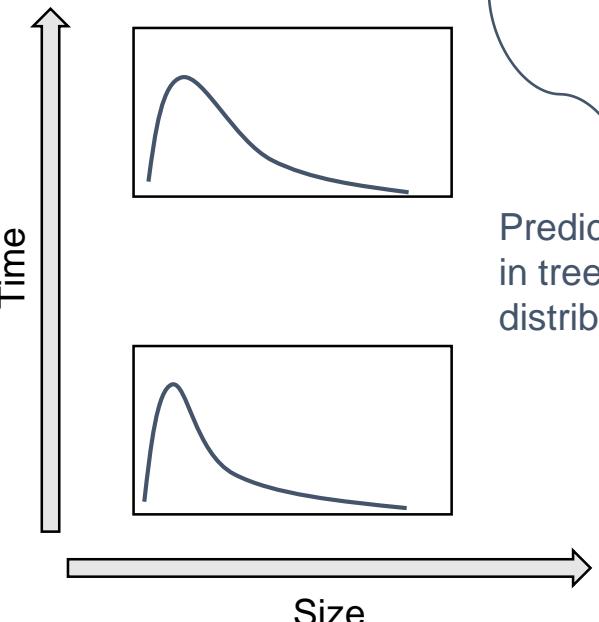
Network of NFI
permanent plots
(FUNDIV)

Calibration of growth, survival and recruitment functions
 $f(\text{climate, competition, species})$

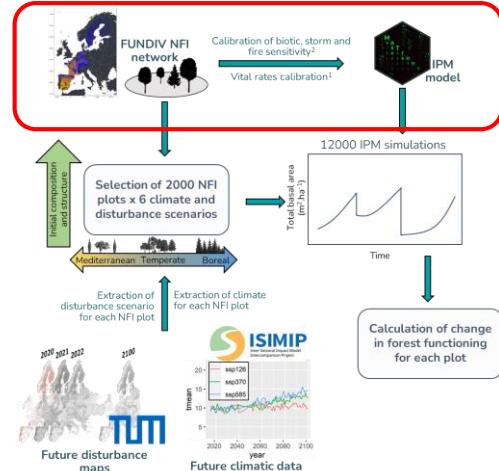


$$n(z', t+1) = \int [s(z)G(z', z) + F(z', z)]n(z, t)dz$$

Integration of demographic functions to build IPM model



Predict changes in tree size distribution



Now implemented in R package matreex

¹ Guyennou et al. 2023 – *Global Ecol. & Biogeogr.*

² Kunstler et al. 2020 – *Journal of Ecology*

Methods

Focus on the recruitment model

Structure of the recruitment model in the IPM

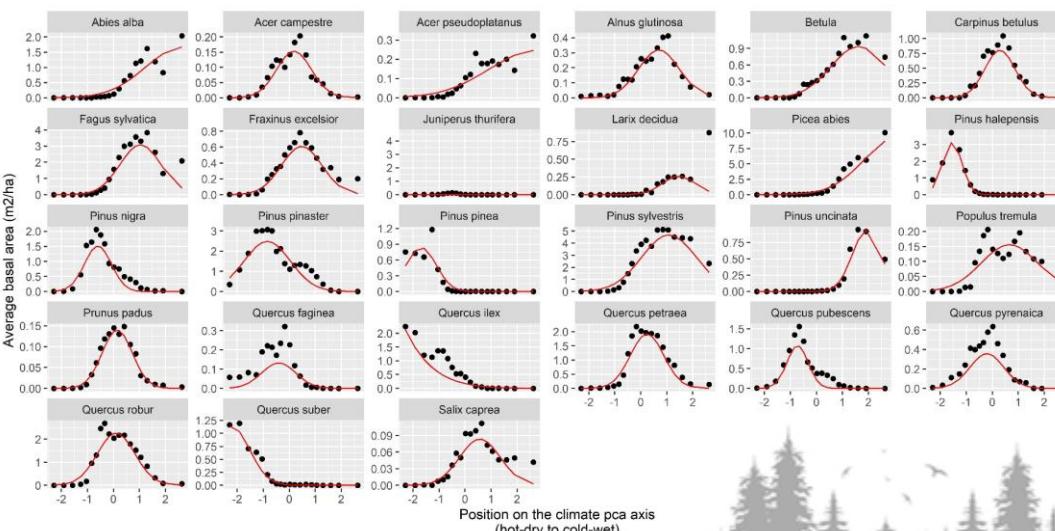
$$\log(R) = a_0 + a_1 Comp + a_2 Fec + f(clim)$$

Initial model : Fecundity
only function of the local
basal area

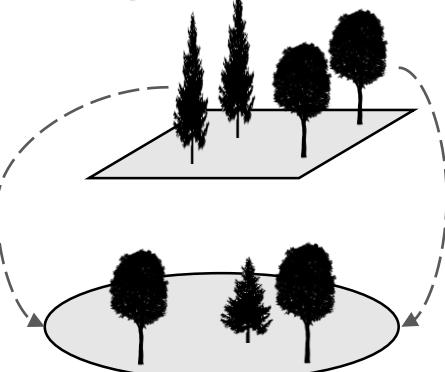


Prevent colonization by
external species !

Integration of
dispersal kernel from
Bullock et al. 2017



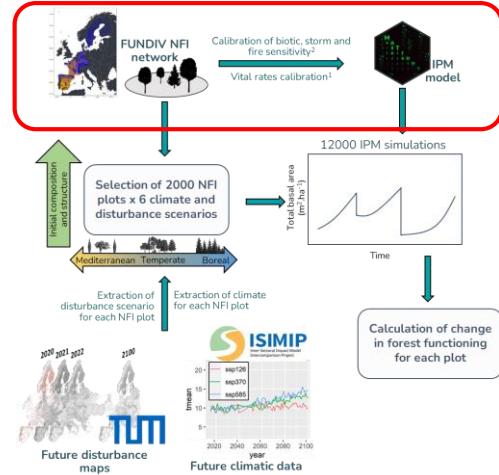
Regional pool



New model : Inclusion of a regional component of fecundity

$$Fec = p_{30} BA_{local} + (1 - p_{30}) BA_{reg} F_{cover}$$

Modelled from
climate

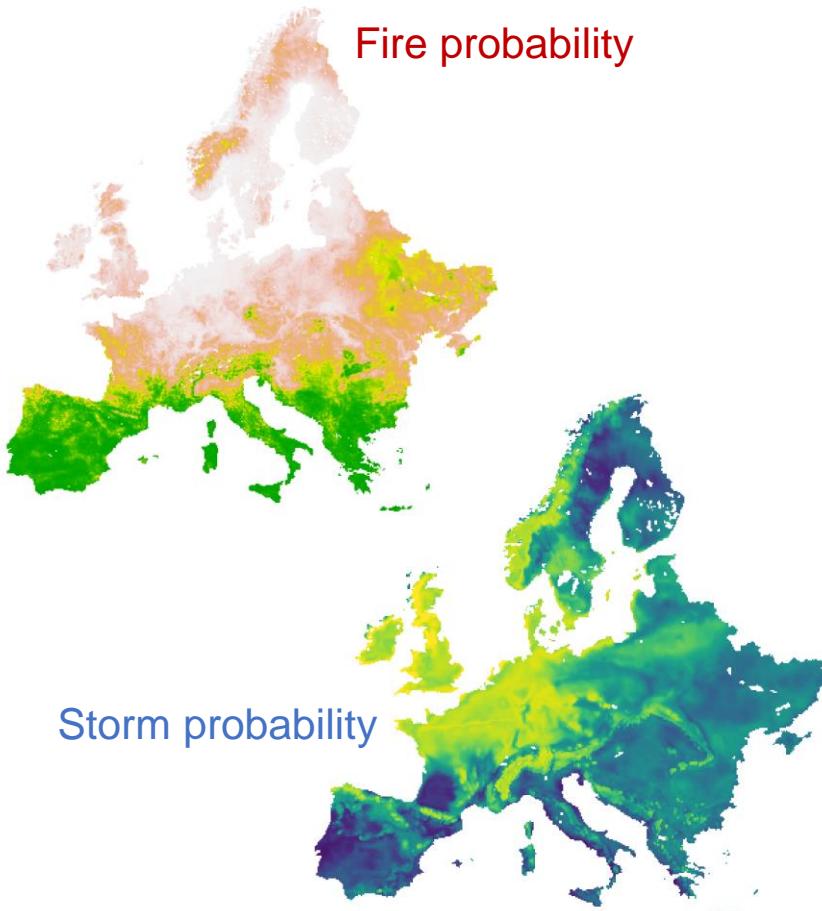


INRAE

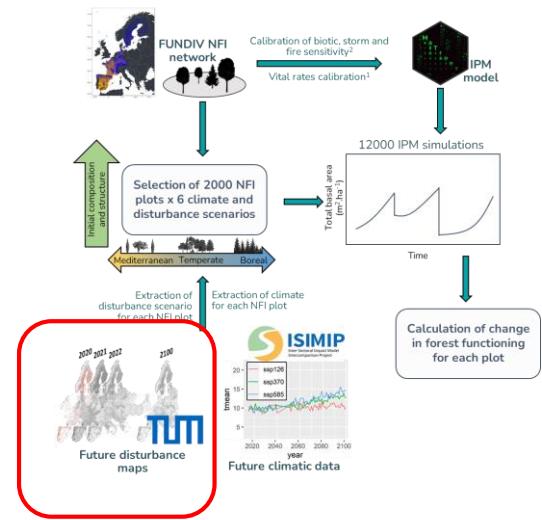
Modélisation des variations latitudinales des
effets du CC sur les forêts Européennes
Julien BARRERE – LESSEM (INRAE
Grenoble)

> Methods

Maps of future disturbances



- Prediction of yearly probability of fire and storm disturbances by Technical University of Munich (Seidl, Senf, Grunig, Rammer et al.) calibrated with satellite data.
- Storm disturbance probability modelled as a function of historical occurrence, return interval and wind speed (no climate sensitivity)
- Fire disturbance probability modelled as a function of historical occurrence and VPD



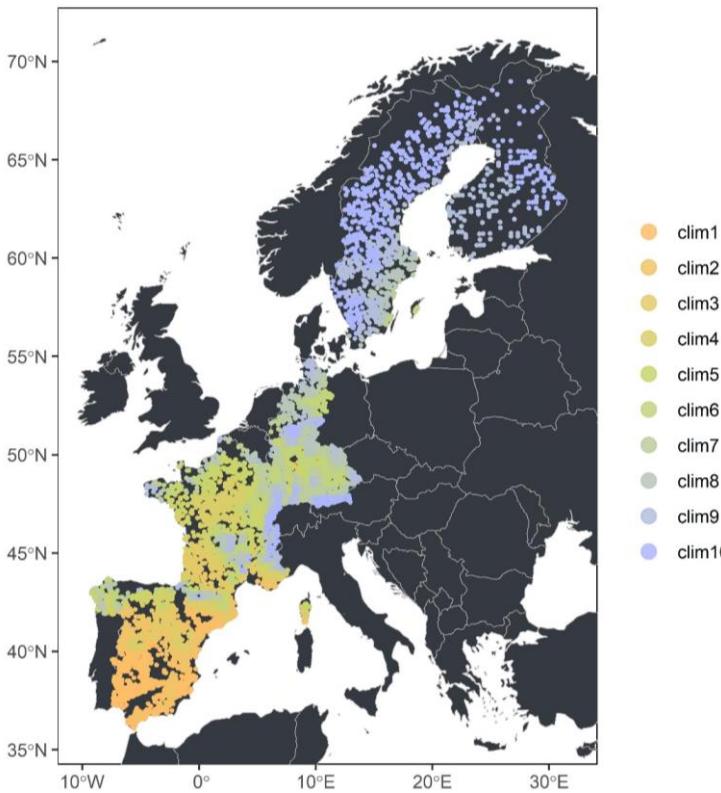
INRAE

Modélisation des variations latitudinales des effets du CC sur les forêts Européennes
Julien BARRERE – LESSEM (INRAE)
Grenoble)

Methods

Scenarios and simulations

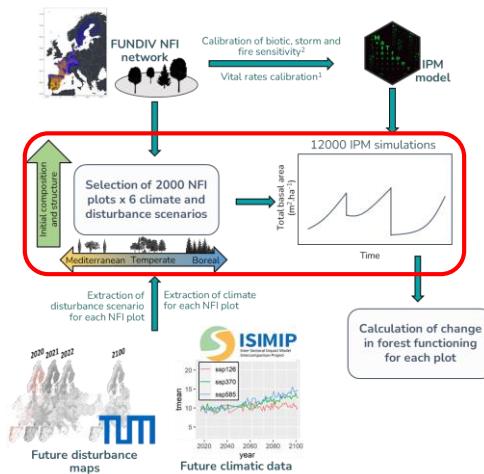
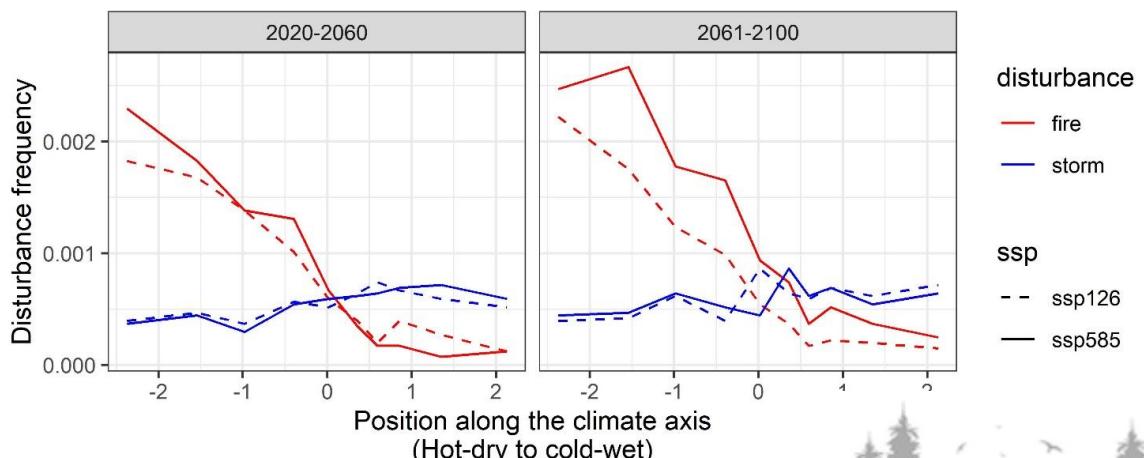
Selection of 10000 NFI plots from 10 sub-climates



For each NFI plot, simulation from 2020 to 2100 with 4 scenarios

	ssp126	ssp585
Disturbance	Disturbance only	CC and disturbance
No disturbance	Reference	CC only

Disturbance occurrence : Yearly Bernoulli trial from storm and fire probabilities

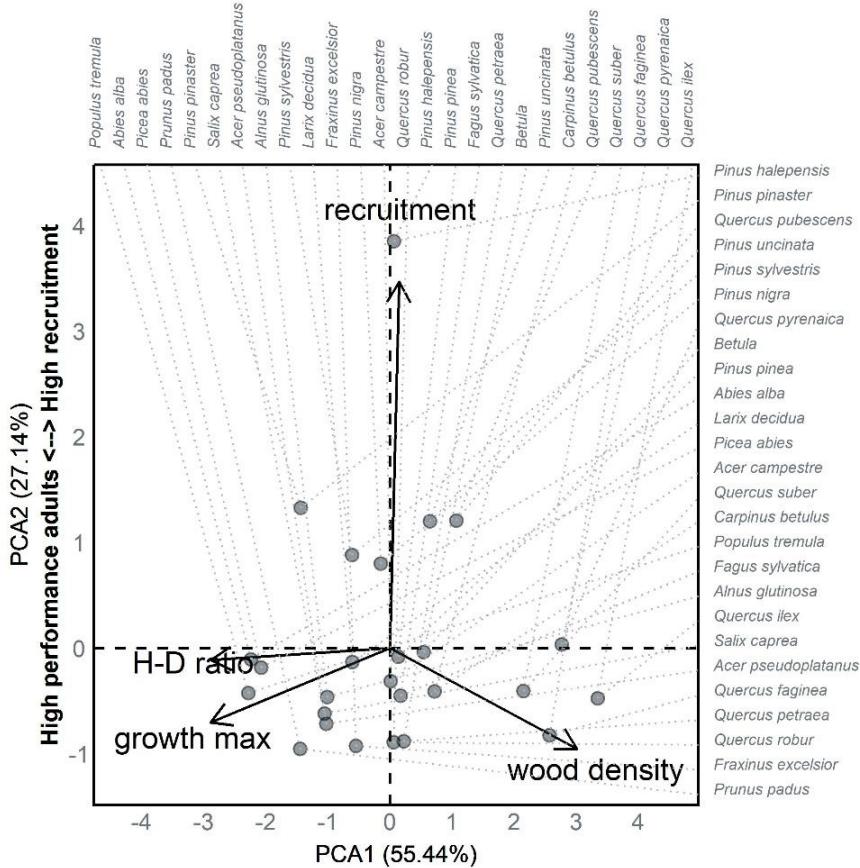


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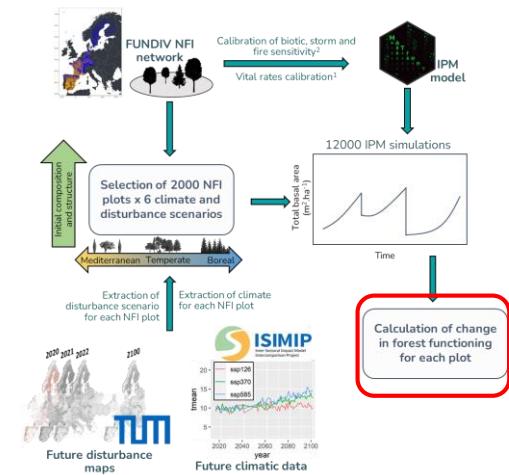
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Methods

Species composition metrics

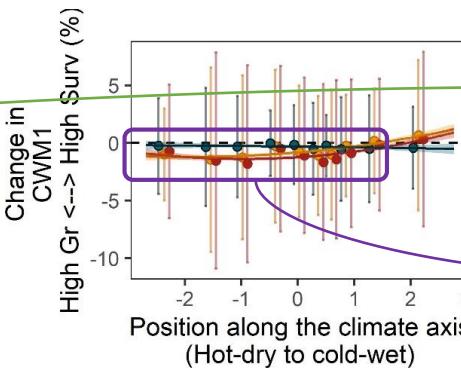
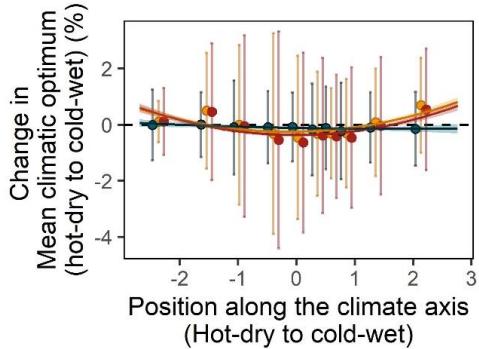
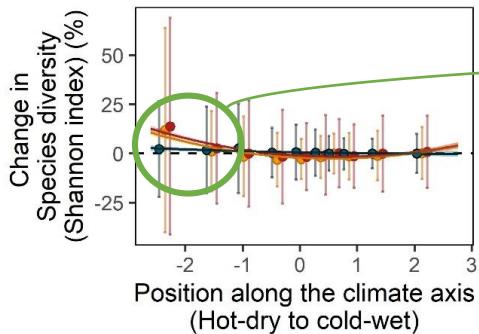
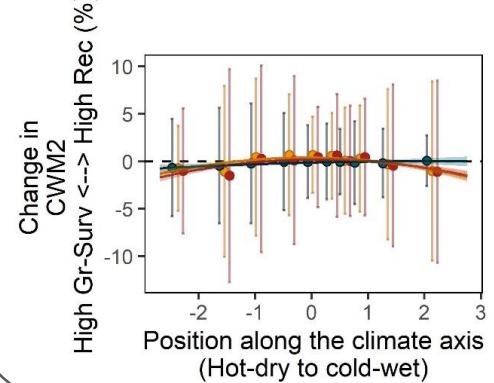
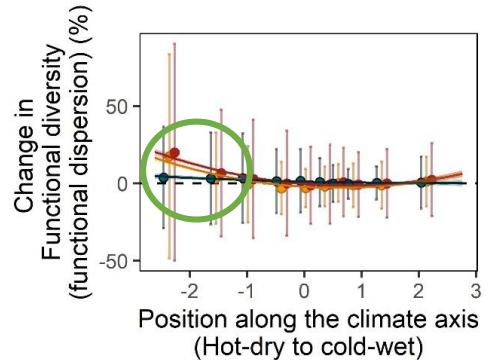


- Species diversity (Shannon index)
- Average climatic optimum (weighted by abundance)
- Community weighted means based on two functional axes analogous to Rüger et al. (2018)
- Functional diversity based on the same axes



> Preliminary results

Effect on forest composition across climates



scenario

- Climate change only
- Disturbance and climate change
- Disturbance only

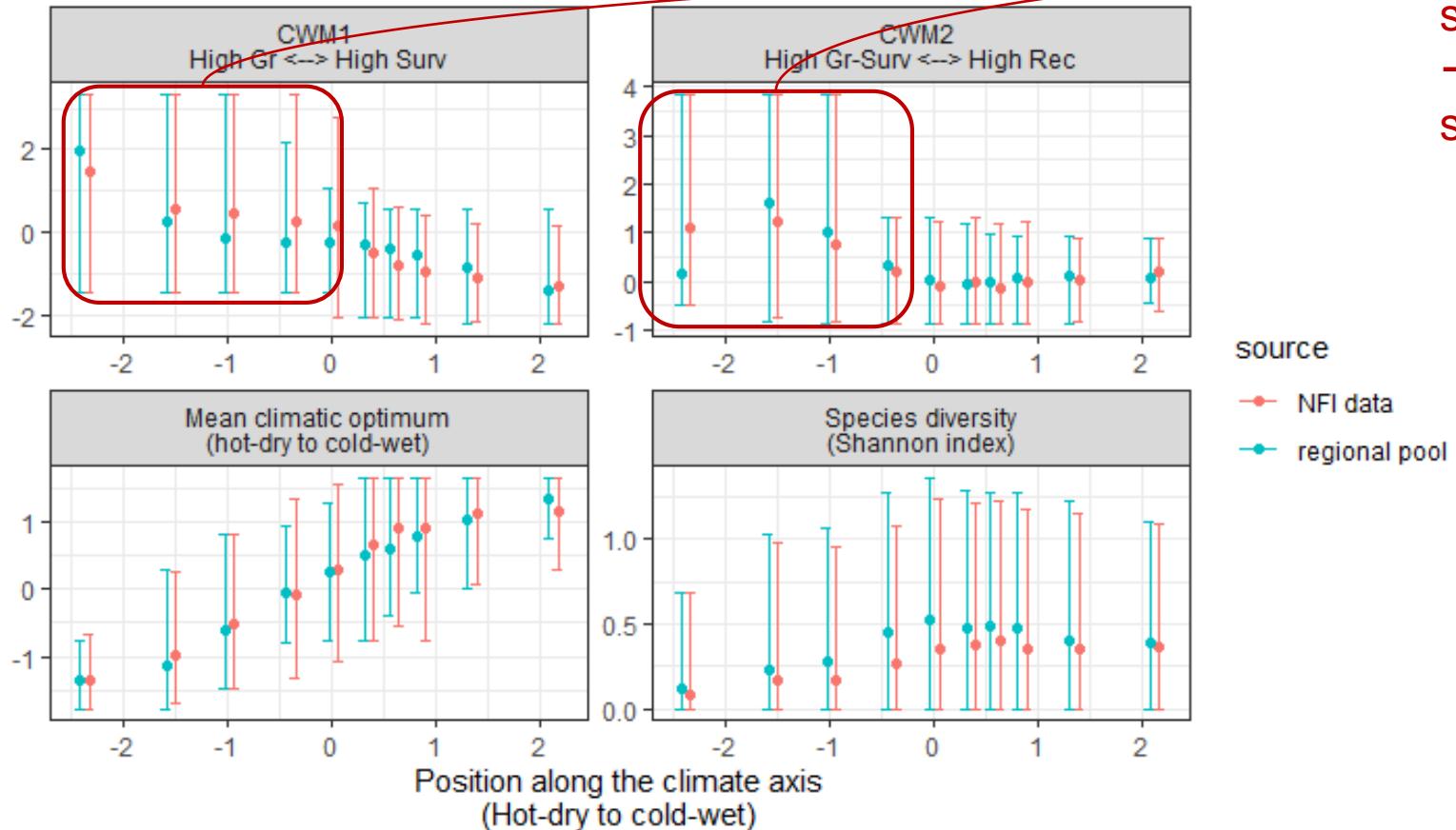
Effect of disturbances negligible compared to the effect of climate change

Increased species and functional diversity in the Mediterranean area

In most climates, increased dominance of fast-growing rather than resistant species

> Preliminary results

Possible interpretation



Wider functional spectrum in drier climates
→ facilitate composition shift ?

source
● NFI data
● regional pool

> Conclusions

- Suggest that “natural” forest adaptation in term of composition might not be fast enough
- Limitations : model assumptions, one climatic model, ignored “small” disturbances

